

Scottish Public Pensions Agency

Buidheann Peinnseanan Poblach na h-Alba

The Police Pensions (Amendment) (Scotland) Regulations 2022

Scottish Government consultation 2021



About This Consultation

Overview

This consultation is seeking views on the draft regulations to amend the Police Pension Scheme (Scotland) (1987 and 2006 rules) and the Police Pension Scheme (Scotland) 2015. The amendments are intended to support delivery of The Public Service Pensions and Judicial Offices Bill that is currently being enacted by the UK government. The Bill and these Regulations are part of a package of measures to address the age discrimination that was identified by the Courts in the transitional protections afforded to some scheme members in public service pension schemes.

While the Scottish Ministers have functions in relation to police pensions in Scotland, occupational pensions in general are a reserved matter outside the powers of the Scottish Parliament. The Scottish Ministers must therefore implement the policy reflected in the Bill.

Duration of Consultation

This consultation will run for a period of eight weeks commencing on Wednesday 24 November 2021 and ending on Tuesday 18 January 2022

How to respond

Please use the consultation response form and once completed send to sppapolicy@gov.scot before midnight on the closing date.

Alternatively, responses can be posted to:

Scottish Police Pension Scheme Consultation SPPA Tweedside Park Tweedbank Galashiels TDI 3TE

Further information

If you are unable to access an electronic version of the document, please write to the above address and a paper copy will be provided.





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The process allows informed decisions to be made about how SPPA exercises its public function.

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Agency Data Protection Officer Scottish Public Pensions Agency 7 Tweedside Park Tweedbank GALASHIELS TD1 3TE

Tel: 01896 892 469

Website: https://pensions.gov.scot/

The contact details for the Information

Commissioner's Office are: Wycliffe House Water Lane Wilmslow Cheshire SK9 5AF

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1. Background

- 1.1. The Public Service Pensions Act 2013 (the 2013 Act) introduced reforms to public service pension schemes. The aim of the reforms was to implement the recommendations of the <u>Independent Public Service Pensions Commission: Final Report</u>, to make public service pensions, which due to increased workforce longevity had increasingly been paid for by taxpayers, more affordable and sustainable. New pension schemes were introduced, designed to make public service pensions sustainable through a higher normal pension age (NPA) for all scheme members, calculating benefits on a career average revalued earnings (CARE) basis rather than through final salary, and the introduction of a cost control mechanism.
- 1.2. The 2013 Act required responsible authorities, including devolved governments, to make regulations establishing the new schemes with effect from 1 April 2015. The final salary pension schemes (referred to as "legacy schemes") were closed on 31 March 2015 and scheme members could no longer accrue any pension in them unless they fell in to the category of what is known as 'transitional protection'.
- 1.3. Transitional protection provided for scheme members who were aged within 10 years of their NPA on 31 March 2012, to be "fully protected" and allowed to remain in their legacy scheme(s). "Taper protected" members who, on 31 March 2012, were aged between 10 and 14 years of their NPA were allowed to remain in their legacy scheme for a period before transitioning to the reformed CARE scheme before 31 March 2022.
- 1.4. Following reform, members of the judicial and firefighters pension schemes challenged the transitional protection element of the reforms and in December 2018 the <u>Court of Appeal found</u> that the transitional protections unlawfully discriminated against younger members, as transitional protection was only offered to older scheme members. The Courts required that this unlawful discrimination be remedied by the government. In a <u>written ministerial statement</u> the UK government accepted the ruling had implications for all public service schemes that contained similar transitional protection arrangements, including the Police Pension Scheme (Scotland), and have since <u>consulted extensively</u> on the mechanism for the remedy.
- 1.5. The UK Government introduced primary legislation, <u>The Public Service Pensions and Judicial Offices Bill (PSPJO Bill)</u>, to Parliament in July 2021. The provisions in this Bill mean that all scheme members, regardless of transitional protections, who continue in service from 1 April 2022 will do so as members of the Police Pension Scheme (Scotland) 2015, hereafter referred to as "the 2015 Scheme". The Police Pension Scheme (Scotland) (incorporating the Police Pension Scheme and New Police Pension Scheme), known as "the Legacy Scheme", will be closed to all



¹ This is also known as 'The Hutton Report'



members for future service from 31 March 2022. The period between 1 April 2015 and 31 March 2022 where scheme members may have built up pension benefits in any

one of the above schemes² is known as 'the remedy period'. Eligible scheme members will have a choice of pension benefits for the remedy period³.

- 1.6. The primary and secondary legislation will remove the transitional protection that the Courts found to be discriminatory as all eligible members, irrespective of age and proximity to NPA, will now have accrued benefits in their legacy schemes for the remedy period. All eligible members will be given a choice of preferred pension benefits for the remedy period under the provision known as deferred choice underpin (DCU) (pensioner members and representatives of deceased members will be given what is referred to as an immediate choice).
- 1.7. Secondary legislation in support of the Bill will be made in two phases. The first phase addresses the prospective changes and is the subject of this consultation. Phase two will follow in 2022/23 and will establish the DCU/immediate choice and return eligible members to their legacy schemes for the remedy period.
- 1.8. The first phase of secondary legislation to be consulted on now will allow provisions for the prospective remedy changes to be enabled. That is, the move of all active scheme members to the reformed scheme from 1 April 2022 and the closure of the legacy schemes to future accrual from 31 March 2022. This ensures that from 1 April 2022 all serving officers who are in pensionable service will be accruing future benefits in the same scheme.
- 1.9. The second phase of draft Regulations will be new provisions that implement the DCU/immediate choice and facilitate the correction of pensions already in payment including addressing the underpayment and overpayment of pensions and pension contributions for pension scheme members and pensioners. The second set of draft Regulations is out of the scope of this consultation and will be consulted on separately at a later date.

³ The remedy will allow all eligible members to choose whether they wish to receive legacy or reformed scheme benefits in relation to the remedy period. Members can choose either legacy scheme benefits for the full period or reformed scheme benefits, they cannot opt for a mixture of the two.



² This is dependent on a scheme member's personal transitional protection status. Between 1 April 2015 and 31 March 2022 protected members will have built up pension in their legacy scheme while unprotected scheme members will have built up pension in the reformed scheme. Taper protected members may have built up a mixture of both legacy and reformed scheme pension during the remedy period.



2. The prospective regulations to be consulted on

- 2.1. The rules of the Police Pension Schemes are set out in Regulations, which are a form of secondary legislation. Rules can be amended or replaced by new Regulations drawn up in accordance with the powers under, and requirements of, the Public Service Pensions Act 2013 and, where relevant, the Superannuation Act 1972.
- 2.2. Two distinct sets of Regulations are required to support the Bill requirements and address the discrimination in the transitional protections. This consultation covers the first set of draft scheme regulations and must be consulted on at the same time as the Bill progresses through Parliament to ensure that necessary scheme amendments can be enacted for 1 April 2022 when the Bill comes into force.
- 2.3. The draft Regulations under consultation will:
 - 1. Close the legacy Police Pension Scheme to future accrual from 1 April 2022
 - 2. Move all active scheme members to the 2015 Scheme⁴
 - 3. Create an underpin that facilitates the continuation of any ill health retirements that are in progress over the period when the Legacy Scheme closes and active scheme members move to the 2015 Scheme

3. The Draft Amendments

- 3.1. The Scottish Ministers present for consultation the draft **The Police Pensions** (Amendment) (Scotland) Regulations 2022. This section explains how the draft Regulations amend existing scheme rules and deliver the Bill requirements.
- 3.2. **Regulation 1**(1) establishes the title of the Regulations and in 1(2) the commencement date is set at 1 April 2022.
- 3.3. **Regulation 2** of this draft Scottish Statutory Instrument (SSI) ensures that Police Pension Scheme (Scotland) Regulations 2015⁵ follow the requirements of the 2013 Act (section 18) as amended by clause 76 of the PSPJO Bill restricting the further accrual of pensionable service in the Legacy Schemes from 1 April 2022. This is achieved by:

⁴ This will effectively move those who are not already members of the 2015 Scheme. In all cases these will be members who held full transitional protection and were classed as protected scheme members. Those previously classed as Unprotected and Taper Protected will already be accruing pension as members of the 2015 Scheme.

⁵ S.S.I. 2015/142





- defining the meaning of "closing date" as 31 March 2022 for full protection members,
- setting the transition date for protected members as 1 April 2022,
- Defining the date full protection members cease to be in pensionable service in the Legacy Scheme as 1 April 2022,
- limiting the provisions of the Legacy Scheme to 31 March 2022
- 3.4. **Regulation 2(2)** sets the Legacy Scheme closing date at 31 March 2022 and the transition date for protected members to the 2015 Scheme at 1 April 2022. This is achieved by inserting further detail to the definition of closing date in paragraph 1 of Schedule 4 of **The Police Pension Scheme (Scotland) Regulations 2015**. The addition to the Regulations is set out below (in bold):

"closing date", in relation to a transition member, means—

(za) if the member is a full protection member of the existing police pension scheme, 31st March 2022;

- (a) if the member is a tapered protection member of the existing police pension scheme, the tapered protection closing date for that member; or
- (b) if the member is not a protected member of the existing police pension scheme, the scheme closing date;

The transition date is set at 1 April 2022. The amended regulation is set out below:

"transition date", in relation to a transition member, means—

(za) if the member is a full protection member of the existing police pension scheme, 1st April 2022;

- (a) if the member is a tapered protection member of the existing police pension scheme, the day after the tapered protection closing date for that member;
- (b) if the member is not a protected member of that scheme, the day after the scheme closing date.
- 3.5. **Regulation 2(3)** restricts the 1987 Scheme by re-defining the meaning of full protection member in paragraph 9 (meaning of "full protection member" (the 1987 scheme)) of Schedule 4. This effectively sets the last possible day for full protection in the 1987 Scheme as 31 March 2022. The intended amendment to the Regulation is set out below:





- 9 Meaning of "full protection member" (the 1987 scheme)
- (1) A person (P) to whom paragraph 11 applies is a full protection member of the 1987 scheme.
- 2) P ceases to be a full protection member of the 1987 scheme on whichever of the following days occurs first—
- (a) the day on which P ceases to be in pensionable service under that scheme; or
- (b) 31st March 2022.
- 3.6. **Regulation 2(4)** restricts the 2006 Scheme by re-defining the meaning of full protection member in paragraph 12 (meaning of "full protection member" (the 2006 scheme)) of Schedule 4. This effectively sets the last possible day for full protection in the 2006 Scheme as 31 March 2022. The intended amendment to the Regulation is set out below:
 - 12 Meaning of "full protection member" (the 2006 scheme)
 - (1) A person (P) to whom paragraph 14 applies is a full protection member of the 2006 scheme.
 - (2) P ceases to be a full protection member of the 2006 scheme on whichever of the following days occurs first—
 - (a) the day on which P ceases to be in pensionable service under that scheme; or
 - (b) 31st March 2022.
- 3.7. **Regulation 2(5)** ensures that no new elections to purchase additional pension in the Legacy Scheme can be agreed after 31 March 2022. This ends entitlement to purchase additional pension in the legacy scheme for all protected scheme members on that date. This is achieved by amending sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 35 of Schedule 4 (pensionable service under the existing police pension scheme). The amended regulation is set out below with the added condition highlighted bold:
 - 35 Pensionable service under the existing police pension scheme
 - (1) This paragraph applies in relation to a transition member with continuity of service (T).
 - (2) The provisions of the existing police pension scheme relating to purchase of increased benefits continue to apply after the closing date,





but not after 31st March 2022, as if T continued in pensionable service under that scheme.

- (3) T may choose to end payments for added 60ths or added years after joining this scheme.
- (4) In determining whether T qualifies under the existing police pension scheme for retirement benefits (other than an ill-health pension), T's pensionable service under that scheme terminates when T's pensionable service under this scheme terminates.
- (5) In determining T's final salary for any purposes of the existing police pension scheme under Schedule 7 to the Act (final salary link), pensionable earnings derived from service under this scheme are to be regarded as derived from service under the existing police pension scheme.

4. Interaction of retirement ages between the Police pension schemes

- 4.1. The legacy 1987 Scheme and the 2015 Scheme allow members to draw their pension at different ages. The 1987 scheme allows members to retire on an ordinary pension when they have 25 years' pensionable service. The 2015 Scheme has a pension age of 60 set by the 2013 Act, or a deferred pension age set at each member's state pension age. In addition, the Normal Minimum Pension Age (NMPA) set by the Finance Act 2004 does not permit retirement from the reformed scheme before age 55, other than retirement on grounds of medical unfitness. This means that 1987 transitional members who move to the 2015 Scheme may be in a position where they will be able to retire from the 1987 Legacy scheme (having reached 25 years' overall pensionable service) but are not be able to access any pension built up in the 2015 Scheme until their state pension age, or from age 55 at an actuarially reduced rate.
- 4.2 In addition, due to the pension ages set out in the 2013 Act, the treatment of early retirement pensions in the 2015 scheme is contingent on the status of the member active or deferred at the point of claiming benefits having reached age 55. This is because actuarial reductions from active service are calculated with reference to age 60, whereas for deferred members they apply from state pension age. Thus the actuarial reduction applying to accrued benefits is higher for claims made from deferred member status.
- 4.3. We are aware that this interaction between the various elements of primary and secondary pensions legislation has given rise to stakeholder concerns, and whilst 2015 Remedy does not explicitly introduce any new aspect it is an issue on which stakeholders seek clarity. We will continue to give due consideration throughout the consultation period to understand the full implications of this on Police pension





scheme members, and consider whether the Scottish Ministers, working with member and employer representatives, have scope to develop an approach that may help mitigate this issue.

5. Ill Health Underpin

- 5.1. There may be instances where members are in the process of being considered for ill health retirement during the transition to the reformed scheme i.e. the ill health process will begin on or before 31 March 2022 and will not conclude until 1 April 2022 or later. The intended policy is to ensure that a protected member who successfully applies for ill health retirement is treated no less favourably than if they had retired on 31 March 2022 (and received a pension from the Legacy Scheme).
- 5.2. The member will receive a pension from the 2015 Scheme calculated at the date they retire after 31 March 2022 but a comparison will be made to ensure that the recipient will not receive less than they would have achieved if they had been awarded a legacy scheme pension calculated at 31 March 2022. If it is shown that the legacy terms would have been greater, the 2015 Scheme pension must be increased by the difference between the two.
- 5.3. The policy intention may already be achieved in Part 6 of Schedule 4 of the 2015 Regulations. This is because they apply to "transition members" and take account of the legacy scheme ill health pension in the calculation of ill health benefits for transition members. Under these regulations benefits are always paid from the 2015 Scheme. The amendments in regulation 2 of the draft regulations (consulted on here) will ensure that current full protection members become transition members on 1 April 2022 so they will benefit from the existing transitional provision on ill health retirement without the need for any amendment.
- 5.4. We will however continue to consider this throughout the consultation period and welcome comments on this matter as set out in question 2 of this consultation to ensure that the policy intent set out above is achieved.



6. Legacy Scheme Additional Benefits Arrangements

- 6.1. Provisions which allow arrangements for purchasing additional pensionable service (added 60ths or added years) in the Legacy Schemes through periodical contributions agreements will continue after 31 March 2022.
- 6.2. It is possible for members of the Legacy Schemes to purchase additional pensionable service, depending on individual circumstances and by agreement with the scheme manager. This can be paid for either in a lump sum or by paying additional contributions in instalments over a number of years. All existing agreements that are already underway will continue after the transfer to the 2015 Scheme. This is because they do not involve continuing to accrue legacy scheme pensions, rather, the scheme members concerned are paying in instalments for a previously agreed enhancement to their pension or pensionable service. These arrangements are therefore unaffected by the Bill or by these draft regulations.
- 6.3. The policy intention is to ensure that only valid, existing arrangements entered into before 1 April 2022 will be permitted to continue and that scheme members will not be able to enter into any new arrangements to purchase additional pension in the Legacy Scheme after 31 March 2022.
- 6.4. We are considering the impact of the Bill on the existing arrangements and may need to make additional amendments to these regulations to ensure the policy intention can be fulfilled. Any further amendment that is required will be included in the final Regulations.

7. Other Transitional Provisions

- 7.1. All other transitional provisions that exist in the 2015 Scheme are not affected by The Bill or these draft Regulations. In particular:
- 7.2. **Final salary link** The 2013 Act⁶ already provides a final salary link, meaning that legacy scheme benefits are calculated with reference to the member's pensionable earnings at the point of retirement, even though that may be as a member of the 2015 scheme. This provision is maintained beyond 2022.
- 7.3. **Calculation of weighted accrual** Transitional members of the 1987 Legacy Scheme may benefit from weighted accrual that continues after the transition to the 2015 Scheme. This provision is already established in Paragraph 39 (Calculation of weighted accrual for service in the 1987 scheme) of Schedule 4 of The Police Pension Scheme (Scotland) Regulations 2015. No further amendment is required.



⁶ <u>Schedule 7 of The Public Service Pensions Act 2013</u>



8. Consultation Questions

- 8.1 Question 1 Do you think the draft Regulations adequately ensure that the legacy pension schemes are closed to future accrual from 31 March 2022 and that all active pension scheme members are moved to the 2015 pension scheme from 1 April 2022? Do you think there are any errors or omissions in the draft in achieving this aim?
- 8.2 Question 2 Do you have any views on the proposed treatment of pension scheme members who have applied for ill health retirement before 31 March 2022 but who don't retire until on or after 1 April 2022? In particular, does this proposal in your view, ensure that these members are treated no less favourably than if the application was determined on 31 March 2022?
- 8.3 Question 3 Do you have any views on the proposed treatment of additional contributions arrangements? In particular, do you agree that existing provisions in the regulations allow for arrangements on additional pension and added service entered into under the existing schemes to continue after 31st March 2022?
- 8.4 Question 4 Do the prospective Regulations in this consultation have an impact on people with protected characteristics, beyond those equality considerations undertaken and set out in the equalities impact analysis undertaken alongside this consultation and in support of the PSPJO Bill. Protected characteristics are: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion and belief, sex, and sexual orientation. Specifically, do you think that the draft regulation amendments and policy intent described above will have any positive or negative impacts on people with protected characteristics, beyond those already considered? If so, which and why/why not?
- 8.5 Question 5 Are there any other areas that you think should be addressed in these regulations to ensure all members are moved to the 2015 scheme and the differential treatment as identified by the Court of Appeal is ended?